Chapter 22 Study Guide: Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Presently, America’s leaders take what type of role in foreign affairs? (666)
2. Since the beginning of the United States, our government’s view of foreign policy has changed… (666)
3. Before World War I, what type of foreign policy did the United States follow? (666)
4. After World War II, what type of foreign policy did the United States follow? (667)
5. The United Nations is an example of… (667)
6. Greenpeace is an example of… (667)
7. Microsoft is an example of… (667)
8. Deciding to purchase a new fleet of fighter jets for the Air Force would be an example of which type of policy? (668)
9. America’s long-range plan to sponsor an overthrow of the government of an enemy nation would be an example of which type of policy? (668)
10. Steps taken to counteract the effects of a terrorist attack that just occurred would be an example of which type of policy? (668)
11. Which person or groups usually makes decisions involving crisis policy? (670)
12. Which group usually makes decisions involving strategic or economic policy? (670)
13. Who has the most power to influence foreign policy? (670)
14. The vice president is very likely to be a part of the National Security Council. What is the National Security Council? (670)
15. Which group is responsible for overseeing intelligence and participating in overseas secret activities? (671)
16. Which of the following groups is responsible for breaking codes and monitoring satellite communications? (671)
17. The president’s use of executive agreements is an example of his attempt to… (672)
18. The president’s use of recess appointments is an example of his attempt to… (673)
19. Today, the United States has which role with regard to foreign policy? (677)
20. One of the main economic goals of the United States is to… (678)
21. One of the most recent challenges to foreign policy seen by the United States is that… (678)
22. Because George W. Bush felt that the United States could not wait for our enemies to attack, he authorized which of the following foreign policies? (681)
23. What are some of the main goals of the U.S. economic policy? (678)
24. When the government attempts to solve a conflict with another country using negotiations and other peaceful tactics, it is practicing… (681)
25. The use of preemption puts a tremendous amount of pressure to be correct on intelligence. What does this mean? (681)
26. The United States’ actions of secretly seeking out and capturing the leader of a powerful terrorist group would be an example of… (682)
27. The Marshall Plan, implemented after World War II to rebuild war-torn Europe is an example of… (682)
28. In 1949, the United States was involved in the creation of NATO. Why was NATO formed? (685)
29. When the value of a country’s imports is greater than the value of its exports, what has occurred? (686)
30. NAFTA, passed in 1994, involved the elimination of trade barriers between which three countries? (685)
31. Name and discuss the three main forces outside of government that can affect foreign policy. Which one proves to be the most influential? Why? (679)
32. Identify and discuss the main tools of foreign policy that the U.S. government has at its disposal. How does each tool have a time and place for effective use? (680, 682-683)

Words to know:

Containment-

Isolationism-

Department of Homeland Security-

Multinational corporation-

Intergovernmental organization-

Domestic affairs-

Interventionism-

State Department-

Nongovernmental organization-

Foreign policy-

Defense Department-

Strategic policy-

Cold War-

National Security Council-

Structural defense-

Crisis policy-

Preemption-

Propaganda-

Counterterrorism measures-

Coercion-

Embargo-

Antiterrorism measures-

Protectionism-

Covert operations-

Trade-

Free trade-

Terrorism-

Foreign aid-

Communism-

Economic sanctions-

Deterrence-